Bates Goes To Plywood Div.; Scott Becomes Chief, Scaling Unit



JAMES D. BATES

ames D. Bates, chief of the ods Department scaling unit dos Department scaling unit is November 1, 1957, has been aftered to the Plywood ducts Division where he will

BROWN COMPAN

BERLIN, GORHAM, NORTH STRATFORD

become chief of log procurement under Allie E. Salls, vice president and general manager of the division. The appointment became effective August 27, according to the announcement.

Bates will be replaced as Chief, Scaling Unit, by Karl S. Scott, also of the Woods Department. Scott, who is a graduate forester from the University of New Hampshire, joined Brown Company in 1951 as a pulpwood buyer. In 1951, as a pulpwood buyer. In 1952, he was made trucking foreman, and in 1957 became an operational forester assigned to Company logging operations.

Bates is also a graduate forester, from Syracuse University, and has been a member of the Woods Department since 1951. He was promoted to Chief, Control Unit, in 1955 and became head of the Scaling Unit in 1957.



Bruins Harass Loggers

By M. A. HINKLEY
Editor's Note — Maxwell
Hinkley, of Gorham, who is
camp clerk at Tim Pond,
wrote the following true
story about the bears at Tim
Pond. Tim Pond is on the
Lincoln Pond truck road
which runs from Route 16
just east of Aziscoos Dam
through Brown Company
woodlands to Eustice, Maine,
and is about 32 miles from
Rt. 16.

Rt. 16.

TIM POND, Aug. 12 — Brown Company's logging operation at Tim Pond, Maine has been reluctant host to a numerous assortment of bears this summer. It first started when a last year's cub surveyed the garbage barrels and found the pickings good. A few days later, two more, and bigger bears, appeared and joined the first. Over a period of about 2 weeks, a total of 6 or 7 different bears were seen. One of the largest soon lost all fear of humans and allowed the cutters to approach with 8-10' and accept morsels tossed to him. He also started sniffing around the cook-room door.

At this point the cook rehelled

At this point the cook rebelled and served notice that either the bear had to go, or he would "take to the road". Cooks being harder to come by than bears, the word was

passed to hunters that there was good bear hunting near the camp. In a short time, three bears had been shot and the rest became more cautious, rarely coming near the camp in daylight.

Two weeks ago, the bears tried a new angle. At least, if it was not new to them, it was new to the woodsmen.

The crew - Weeks ago, the bears tried a new angle. At least, if it was not new to them, it was new to the woodsmen.

the woodsmen.

The crew all lunch out at noon. One day two men reported to the camp clerk that a bear had stolen their lunch pails, demolished the boxes and thermos bottles, and eaten the contents.

molished the boxes and thermos bottles, and eaten the contents.

This was on a Thursday. On Friday, the bear paid a call on another crew, opened one of the lunch boxes, and ate its contents on the spot. The two crew men returned to the landing where they had left their lunches just in time to see the bear pick up the second pail in his mouth and take off through the woods with it. They didn't try to get it back, but headed for the camp to get a substitute lunch. Needless to say, they ate it in the dining room.

The bear didn't make another visit until the next Wednesday. That day he found a lunch pail, opened it and ate two of the three sandwiches he found inside. He left the third one wrapped up and undisturbed. The there

Berlin Mills Railway Highballs To Impressive Safety Record

The Berlin Mills Railway operating and maintenance personnel are piling up an impressive safety record which deserves a lot more credit than anyone is giving them.

As can be noted from THE SAFETY SCOREBOARD, the Rail-

SAFETT SCOREBOARD, the Railway's present record stands at 601 days (as of July 31, 1962) without a single lost time accident.

This is approximately 20 months, or to put it another way, a year and eight months since the Railway has had a lost time accident.

eight months since the Railway has had a lost time accident.

Searching into the record, we find that the Railway's safety record is much more impressive than even the above figures reveal.

It was on October 28, 1960 that the Railway had its last accident, and started piling up the present record. That accident, although it had to be termed a "lost time accident", was

caused when an employee and a coworker were making track repairs.
They had to cut nuts from the bolts
holding down angle bars with a chisel
and hammer. While doing this, a piece
of steel from the hammer broke off,
flew up, and caused two lacerated
puncture wounds to the wrist of one
man. It was a relatively minor accident, and only a few days were lost
due to the injury.

But, before that, the Railway had
gone 405 days without any lost time
accidents!

In other words, the Railway has

accidents!

In other words, the Railway has gone about 34 months, or only a little short of 3 full years, with only a single lost time accident.

If this isn't a pretty good record for what is generally regarded as hazardous employment, will someone please show us a better one at Brown Company?



ia, Pa., Carleton W. MacKay, supervi, Paper Div., Brown Company, William
sales manager, Nibroc Towel Division,
mpany, John F. Blackman, pres. D. F.
aper Company, Boston, Mass., Andrew
rice pres. and gen. mgr., Miller Paper
use, N. Y., T. Floyd Smith, pres. Louisré Migs. Co., Louisville, Ky., Lawrence
div. mgr. McAuliffe Paper Co., Burl'mgunt.

On Thursday, August 9th, the bear really hit the jackpot. It was a rainy day. Gilles Breault had put his wallet in the lunch box to keep dry while he was working. Just before noon, he went looking for his lunch and all he could find was a crumpled piece of tin and a smashed thermos bottle.

Timber Cruiser Retires



Mt. Holly Super



ROY L. WALLACE

Something For Nothing??



ROY L. WALLACE

Roy L. Wallace, of Cranberry, New Jersey, has been selected as assistant plant manager of the Mt. Holly Bermico plant under Plant Manager Ben Hodges, according to Malcolm T. Murray, vice president and general manager of the Bermico Division.

Wallace, a gradute of Rutgers University in 1961 was born in Gadsden, Alabama, where he attended local schools. During 1946-48, he served in the United States—Army, then attended Jacksonville State College in Alabama for 3 years. He also spent one year of college at Oberlin in 1954 for the Bakelite Company as a laboratory technician.

In 1987, Wallace joined the firm of Johnson & Johnson as a management trainee, and two years later, became special projects manager for the large drug firm. In 1982 he became associated with the management consultant firm, Proudfoot & Company.

The Federal Extended Temporary Unemployment Compensation Program started April 1, 1961, and payments under it were made through June 30, 1962.

This was the famous 13-weeks extra benefit period for those who had exhausted their regular benefits, and renewal of it is part of the Administration's recommended legislative program for the immediate future.

What did it cost New Hampshire and the program. Putting it another way. Hampshire employers have lost, as a result of this program, about a sa result of this program, about the member of the same and the

of the Administration's recom-mended legislative program for the immediate future.

What did it cost New Hamp-shire's employers, and what did New Hampshire labor benefit irom the program.

Figures just obtained from the New Hampshire Division of Em-





Bermico Holds Two-Day Sales Seminar

A two-day sales seminar was conducted by personnel from the Bermico Division in Berlin, August 15 included sales manager Robert Cross, who outlined the agenda for the workshop, Ed agenda for the workshop, Ed Gapera for the eastern United States and from Puerto Rico, and by sales personnel from the Bermico Division headed by M. T. Murray. vice president and general man-

THE SAFETY SCOREBOARD

PLANT	POSITION	AS OF	DAYS SINCE
•	JULY 31	JUNE 30	LAST ACCIDENT
Berlin Mills Ry.	1	1	601
Misc. Depts.	2	2	57
Cascade Maintenance	3	3	223
Power & Steam	4	4	95
Kraft Mill	5	5	134
Burgess Maintenance	6	6	167
Bermico Operating	7	7	12
Construction	8	8	22
Burgess Operating	9	9	91
Upper Plants Maint.	10	10	224
Onco	11	12	174
Cascade Operating	12	13	5
Wood Handling	13	11	20
Chemical & Floc	14	14	74
Riverside	15	15	40
Bermico Maintenance	16	16	192

As of July 31, 1962. Standing is based on frequency rate of accidents, i.e., number of accidents per million man hours worked, computed for the 1962 fiscal year.